

Chapter 3 outline:

- ▶ Propositions, boolean logic, logical equivalences. **Game 1** (Wednesday)
- ▶ Conditional propositions. **SML** (Today)
- ▶ Arguments. **Game 2** (Friday)
- ▶ Predicates and quantification. **SML** (next week Monday)
- ▶ Quantified arguments. **Game 3** (Next week Wednesday)
- ▶ Review for test (Next week Friday)

So far:

- ▶ $\mathbb{B} = \{T, F\}$, \wedge , \vee , \sim , propositional calculus
- ▶ Verifying logical equivalences between propositional forms (Game 1)

Today—how to model propositional forms that have an if/then structure (§3.(5–7)):

- ▶ Highlight the most important parts
- ▶ Highlight the most confusing parts
- ▶ Work on some SML examples

p	q	$p \wedge q$	$p \vee q$	$\sim p$	$\sim p \vee q$	$p \rightarrow q$
T	T	T	T	F	T	T
T	F	F	T	F	F	F
F	T	F	T	T	T	T
F	F	F	F	T	T	T

p

q

If 12 divides 36 evenly, then 3 divides 72 evenly.

If $3 < 72$, then 3 divides 72 evenly.

If 12 divides 36 evenly, then $72 < 3$.

If $72 < 3$, then 3 divides 72 evenly.

If $72 < 3$, then 12 divides 3 evenly.

T	S	R	Q	P
K	L	M	N	O
J	I	H	G	F
E	D	C	B	A

1. Bob passed through *P*.
2. Bob passed through *N*.
3. Bob passed through *M*.
4. If Bob passed through *O*, then Bob passed through *F*.
5. If Bob passed through *K*, then Bob passed through *L*.
6. If Bob passed through *L*, then Bob passed through *K*.

“If Fred was at the dock at midnight, then he’s the murderer.”

“If it’s raining at home and the windows are still open, then water is coming in.”

“If I were John and John were me, then he’d be six and I’d be three.” — A. A. Milne

“If the dryer is finished, then unload it.”

“If you finish your spinach, then I will give you some cake.”

“If it rains tomorrow, the zucchini will sprout.”

An even degree is a **necessary condition** for a polynomial to have no real roots .

means

If a polynomial function has no real roots, then it has an even degree.

A positive global minimum is a **sufficient condition** for a polynomial to have no real roots

means

If a polynomial function has a positive global minimum, then it has no real roots.

Values all of the same sign is a **necessary** and **sufficient** condition for a polynomial to have no real roots.

means

A polynomial function has values all of the same sign if and only if the function has no real roots.

		(original)					
p	q	conditional	converse	inverse	contrapositive	negation	biconditional
		$p \rightarrow q$	$q \rightarrow p$	$\sim p \rightarrow \sim q$	$\sim q \rightarrow \sim p$	$p \wedge \sim q$	$p \leftrightarrow q$
T	T	T	T	T	T	F	T
T	F	F	T	T	F	T	F
F	T	T	F	F	T	F	F
F	F	T	T	T	T	F	T

Conditional expression:

```
if (expr1) then (expr2) else (expr3)
```

For next time:

Pg 108: 3.5.(1 & 2)

Pg 114: 3.7.(1, 2, 7, 8, 9, 12, 13)

Take quiz

Read 3.(8 & 9)