Chapter 1 & 2 outline:

- Introduction, sets and elements (Wednesday, Aug 23)
- Set operations; visual verification of set propositions (Friday, Aug 25)
- Introduction to SML; cardinality and Cartesian products (last week Monday)

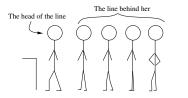
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- Making types in SML (last week Wednesday)
- Functions in SML (last week Friday)
- Lists and functions on lists (Today)
- Powersets; a language processor (Friday)
- (Begin chapter 3, Propositions, next week Monday)

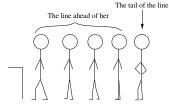
Today:

- Review of functions
- Principles of lists
- Type analysis of lists
- Functions on lists

- 1. Lists must have at least one item.
- 3. Lists can have tuples in them
- 5. This is a good way to think of lists:



- 2. All elements in a list must have the same type.
- 4. Tuples can have lists in them.
- 6. This is a good way to think of lists:



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[tl([5, 12, 6])@[8, 9]]

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hd([12, 5, 6])::[2, 7]

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[[(2.3, 5), (8.1, 6)],[]]

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([1, 12, 81], ["a", "bc"])

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For next time:

If you had trouble on the programming problems from last time, ask for help and try again. Pg 70: 2.1.(2-4, 9, 10) [on paper] Pg 74: 2.2.(2, 3, 8, 9, 11) [through turn-in page]

See notes on Ex 2.2.8 and 2.2.9 on the Canvas description of the assignment for clarifications and hints. See also the code from class for "starter code." You do **not** need to include your SML code with your on-paper problems that you turn in.

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Read 2.(4 & 5) Take quiz (There will be a follow-up quiz after class Friday)