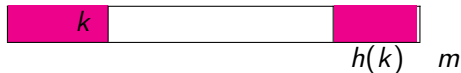
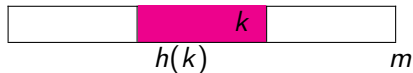
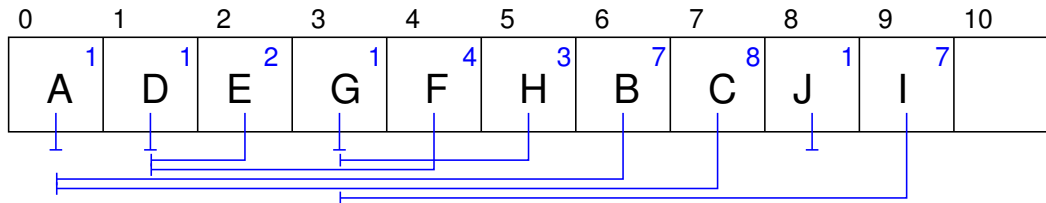
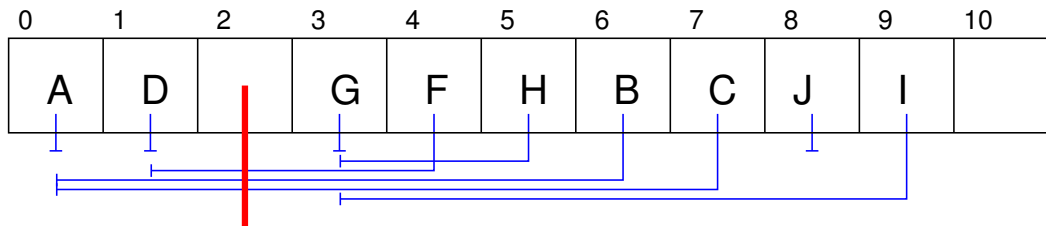


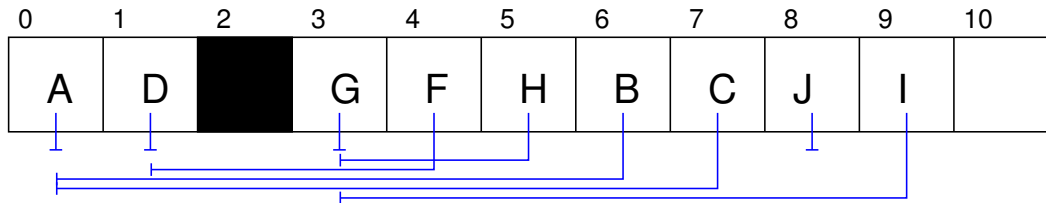
Invariant (Class OpenAddressingHashMap)

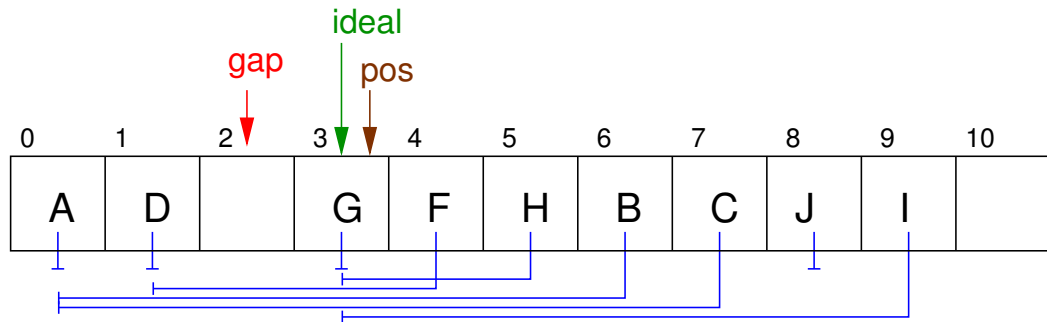
1. The table is not full; there exists $i \in [0, m)$ such that $\text{table}[i] = \text{null}$.
2. There are no breaks in the chain for any key in the table; for all $i \in [0, m)$ such that $\text{table}[i]$ contains key k ,
 - ▶ if $h(k) \leq i$, then for all $j \in [h(k), i]$, $\text{table}[j] \neq \text{null}$;
 - ▶ if $i < h(k)$, then for all $j \in [0, i] \cup [h(k), m)$.

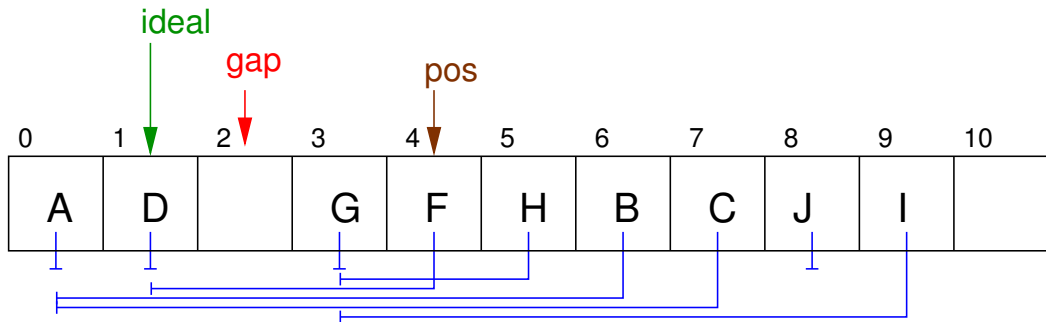


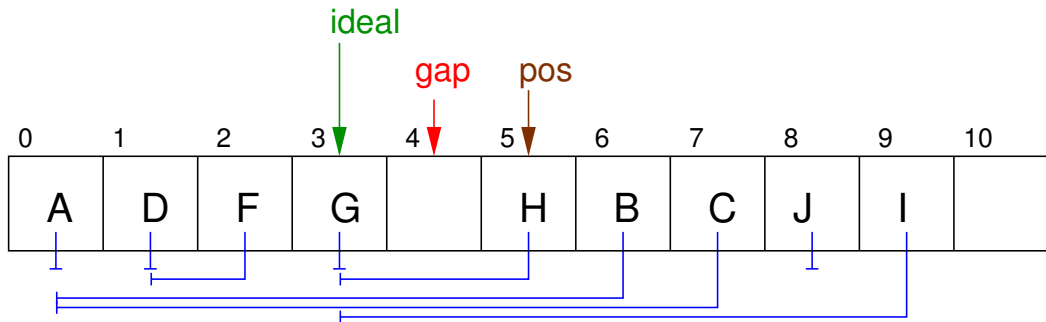


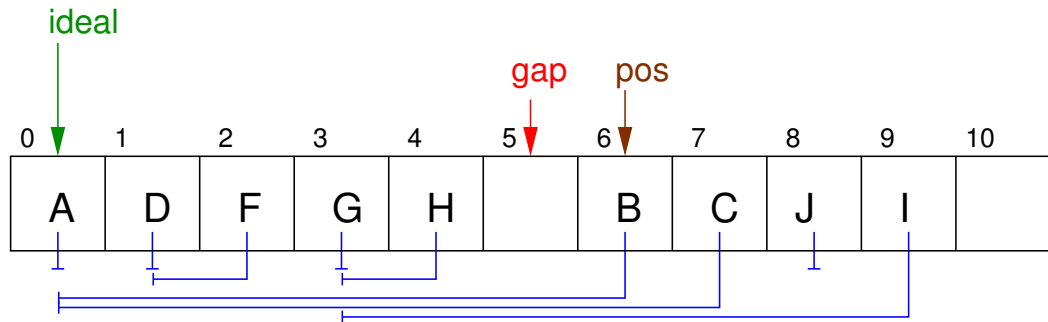


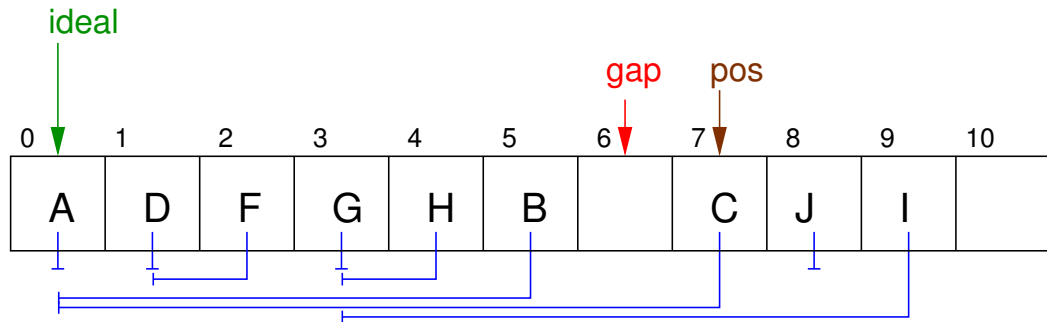


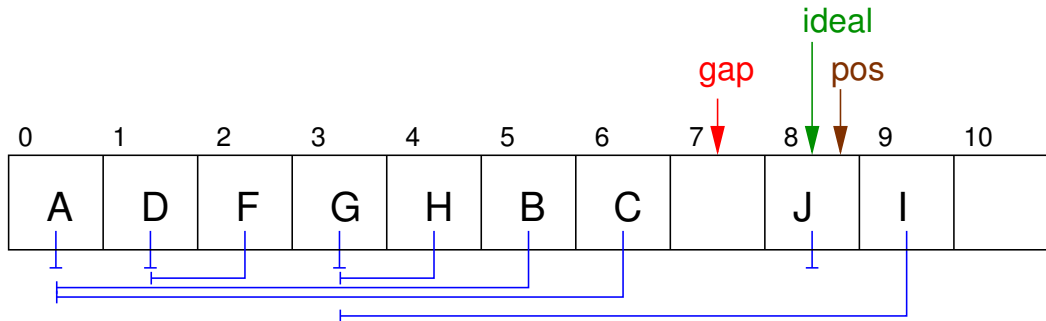


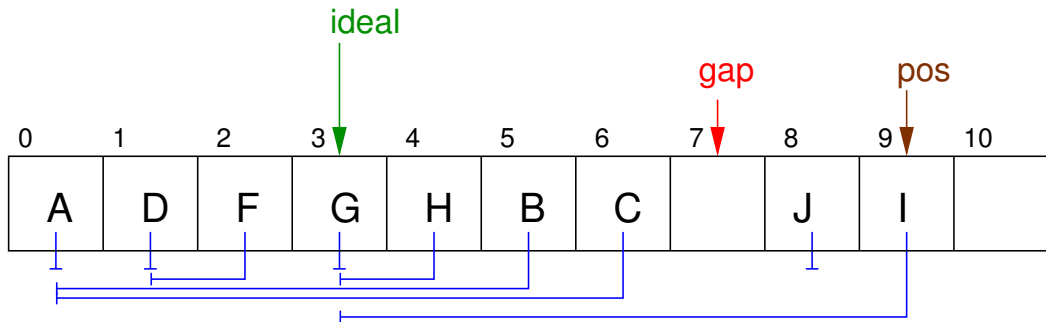


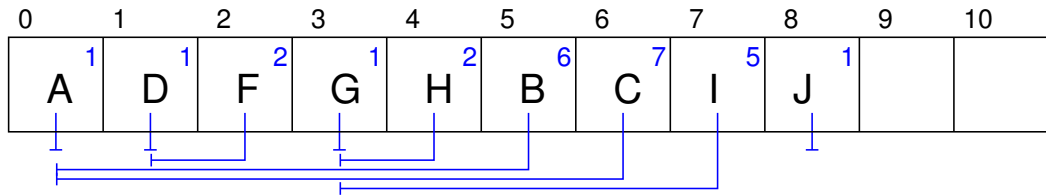


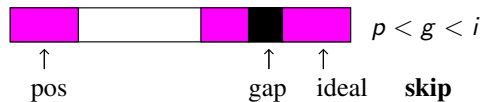
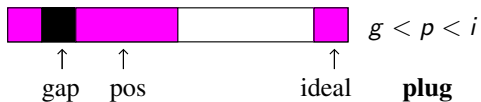
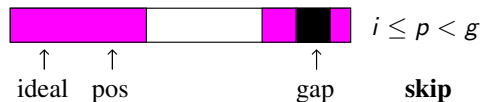
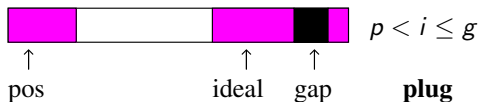
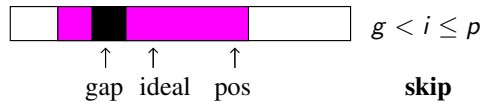
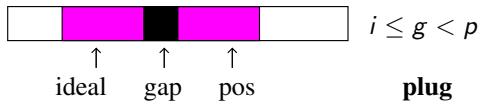












Invariant (Loop of optimized remove in linear probing.)

For all positions $k \in (i, j)$, gap is the only position, if any, between its ideal place ($h(\text{keys}[k])$) and its actual place (k).