









### Lemma (Safe edges in Kruskal's algorithm.)

*If  $G = (V, E)$  is a graph,  $A$  is a subset of a minimum spanning tree for  $G$ ,  $(u, v)$  is the lightest edge connecting any distinct connected components of  $A$ , then  $(u, v)$  is a safe edge for  $A$ , that is,  $A \cup \{(u, v)\}$  is a subset of a minimum spanning tree.*

**Proof.** Suppose everything in the hypothesis, in particular that  $A$  is a subset of some minimum spanning tree  $T$  and that  $u$  and  $v$  are in distinct connected components of  $A$ , call them  $A_u$  and  $A_v$ . Let  $w_T$  be the total weight of  $T$ , that is, the sum of the weights of all the edges of  $T$ . We want to prove that adding  $(u, v)$  to  $A$  makes something that is still a subset of some minimum spanning tree.

If  $(u, v) \in T$ , then we're done. Suppose, then, that  $T$  does not contain  $(u, v)$ . Since  $T$  is a spanning tree, it means that  $u$  and  $v$  are connected in  $T$ . Pick the lightest edge on the path from  $u$  to  $v$  that is not in  $A$ , call it  $(x, y)$ . Essentially  $(x, y)$  is an edge that was picked instead of  $(u, v)$  that contributed to connecting  $A_u$  and  $A_v$ .

Snip out  $(x, y)$ . This would disconnect  $T$ , that is, the graph  $T - \{(x, y)\}$  is not a tree, but rather contains two connected components, one with  $u$  in it and the other with  $v$  in it. Now splice in  $(u, v)$ . That will reconnect  $u$  and  $v$  and make it into a tree again. Formally we've made a new spanning tree  $(T - \{(x, y)\}) \cup \{(u, v)\}$ .

The hypothesis says that  $(u, v)$  was the lightest edge connecting distinct components of  $A$ . That means  $w(u, v) \leq w(x, y)$ . That in turn means that the total weight of the new spanning tree is also just as good, if not better, than the old one:  $w((T - \{(x, y)\}) \cup \{(u, v)\}) \leq w_T$ . Since it ties or beats a (supposed) minimum spanning tree,  $(T - \{(x, y)\}) \cup \{(u, v)\}$  must be a minimum spanning tree. Therefore  $(u, v)$  is safe.  $\square$

initialize  $A$  to  $\emptyset$

make a disjoint-set data structure with each vertex its own set

sort the edges by weight

for each edge  $(u, v)$

    if  $\text{findSet}(u) \neq \text{findSet}(v)$

        add  $(u, v)$  to  $A$

        union( $u, v$ )

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initialize  $A$  to  $\emptyset$ 
initialize all vertices with distance  $\infty$  and parent  $-1$ 
initialize  $pq$  with all vertices
while  $pq$  is not empty
     $u = pq.extractMax()$ 
    if  $u.p \neq -1$ 
        add  $(u.p, u)$  to  $A$ 
    for each  $v \in u.adj$ 
        if  $v \in pq$  and  $(u, v).w < v.distBound$ 
             $v.p = u$ 
             $v.distBound = (u, v).w$ 
             $pq.increaseKey(v)$ 
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