Chapter 4 roadmap:

- Subset proofs (last week Monday)
- Set equality and emptiness proofs (last week Wednesday)
- Conditional and biconditional proofs (last week Friday)
- Proofs about powersets (Today)
- From theorems to algorithms (Friday)
- (Start Chapter 5 next week)

Today: Case study of large proof (powersets)

Review of powersets and their recursive structure

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- Big result
- Warm-up proofs
- Proving the big result

Consider the set  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$ . Which of the following is true about the powerset  $\mathscr{P}(A)$ ? (Only one is true.)

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$$\{3\} \in \mathscr{P}(A) \qquad \qquad 3 \in \mathscr{P}(A)$$

$$\{3\} \subseteq \mathscr{P}(A) \qquad \qquad 3 \subseteq \mathscr{P}(A)$$

$$A = \{a, b, c\} \qquad \mathscr{P}(A) = \{\{a, b, c\}, \{a, b\}, \{a, c\}, \{a\}, \{a\}, \{b, c\}, \{b\}, \{c\}, \emptyset\}$$

 $A - \{a\} = \{b, c\}$   $\mathscr{P}(A - \{a\}) = \{\{b, c\}, \{b\}, \{c\}, \emptyset\}$ 

$$\{\{a\} \cup C \mid C \in \mathscr{P}(A - \{a\})\} = \{\{a, b, c\}, \{a, b\}, \{a, c\}, \{a\}\}$$

$$\mathcal{P}(A) = \{\{a, b, c\}, \{a, b\}, \{a, c\}, \{a\}, = \{\{a\} \cup C \mid C \in \mathcal{P}(A - \{a\})\} \\ \{b, c\}, \{b\}, \{c\}, \emptyset\} \qquad \cup \mathcal{P}(A - \{a\})$$

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$$A = \{a, b, c\} \quad \mathscr{P}(A - \{a\}) = \{\{b, c\}, \{b\}, \{c\}, \emptyset\}$$

 $\{\{a\} \cup C \mid C \in \mathscr{P}(A - \{a\})\} = \{\{a, b, c\}, \{a, b\}, \{a, c\}, \{a\}\}$ 

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If  $a \in A$ , then  $\mathscr{P}(A)$  consists in  $\mathscr{P}(A - \{a\})$  and  $\{C \cup \{a\} \mid C \in \mathscr{P}(A - \{a\})\}$ 

**Corollary 4.12.** If  $a \in A$ , then  $\mathscr{P}(A - \{a\})$  and  $\{C \cup \{a\} \mid C \in \mathscr{P}(A - \{a\})\}$  make a partition of  $\mathscr{P}(A)$ .

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 $A \subseteq B$  iff  $A \in \mathscr{P}(B)$ 

## $A \in \mathscr{P}(A)$

 $\emptyset \in \mathscr{P}(A)$ 

 $a \in A$  iff  $\{a\} \in \mathscr{P}(A)$ 

Warm-up proofs:

**Theorem 4.7.** If  $\mathscr{P}(A) \subseteq \mathscr{P}(B)$ , then  $A \subseteq B$ .

**Exercise 4.9.1.** If  $B \subseteq A$ , then  $\mathscr{P}(B) - \mathscr{P}(A) = \emptyset$ .

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## Roadmap

**Corollary 4.12**  $\mathscr{P}(A - \{a\})$  and  $\{C \cup \{a\} \mid C \in \mathscr{P}(A - \{a\})\}$  make a partition of  $\mathscr{P}(A)$ .

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Theorem 4.11 / Exercise 4.9.6  $\mathscr{P}(A - \{a\}) \cap$  $\{C \cup \{a\} \mid C \in \mathscr{P}(A - \{a\})\} = \emptyset$ 

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Theorem 4.10.  $\mathscr{P}(A - \{a\}) \cup \{C \cup \{a\} \mid C \in \mathscr{P}(A - \{a\})\} = \mathscr{P}(A)$ 

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Lemma 4.9.} & \text{Lemma 4.8.} \\ \mathscr{P}(A - \{a\}) \cup \{C \cup \{a\} \mid C \in \mathscr{P}(A - \{a\})\} & \mathscr{P}(A) \subseteq \\ \subseteq \mathscr{P}(A) & \mathscr{P}(A - \{a\}) \cup \{C \cup \{a\} \mid C \in \mathscr{P}(A - \{a\})\} \end{array}$ 

## For next time:

Pg 174: 4.9.(1, 3, 4, 6) Skim 4.(10 & 11) Take quiz

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