

Neural nets unit:

- ▶ General introduction (last week Wednesday)
- ▶ Trying out neural nets (last week Friday, in lab)
- ▶ How to train your perceptron (Monday)
- ▶ The feed-forward and back-propagation algorithms (Wednesday)
- ▶ Deep learning: CNNs (**Today** and next week Monday)
- ▶ Deep learning in practice (next week Wednesday, in lab)

Today:

- ▶ Vision and image recognition
- ▶ The general idea of a convolutional network
- ▶ CNN terminology
- ▶ Filters and other feature maps

Coming up:

Due Fri, Apr 11:

*Read and respond to two articles about bias in algorithms
(See Canvas)*

Also Due Fri, Apr 11:

*Read excerpt from Geron introducing convolutional neural nets
(See Canvas)*

Due Wed, Apr 16:

Implement perceptron training, feed-forward, and back-propagation

Sometime between Mar 31 and Apr 17:

*Make an office-hours appointment for project check-in
(Originally the deadline was Apr 11)
(So far I have met with only two groups)
(There will be one more ethics reading)*

Apr 28 and 30: *Final versions of the project
(That's all.)*

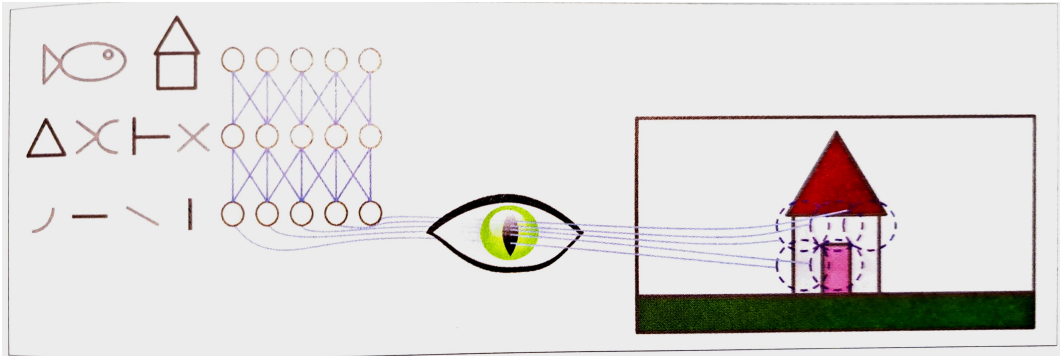


Figure 14-1. Biological neurons in the visual cortex respond to specific patterns in small regions of the visual field called receptive fields; as the visual signal makes its way through consecutive brain modules, neurons respond to more complex patterns in larger receptive fields.

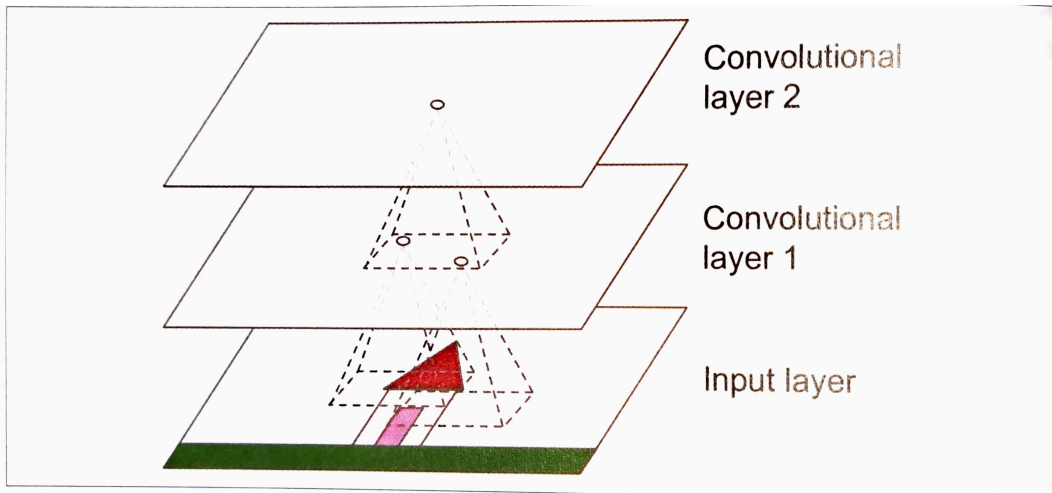


Figure 14-2. CNN layers with rectangular local receptive fields

Geron, pg 448

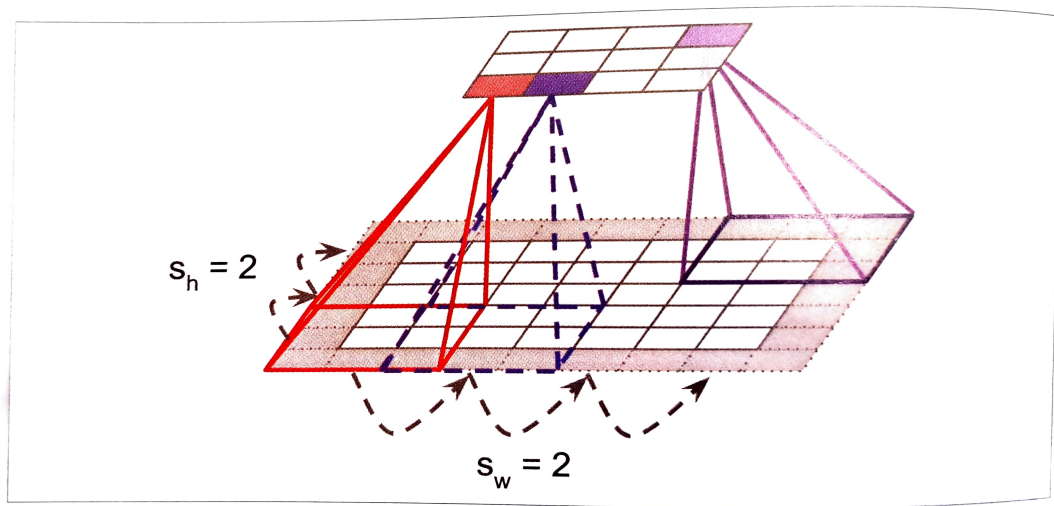


Figure 14-4. Reducing dimensionality using a stride of 2

Geron, pg 450

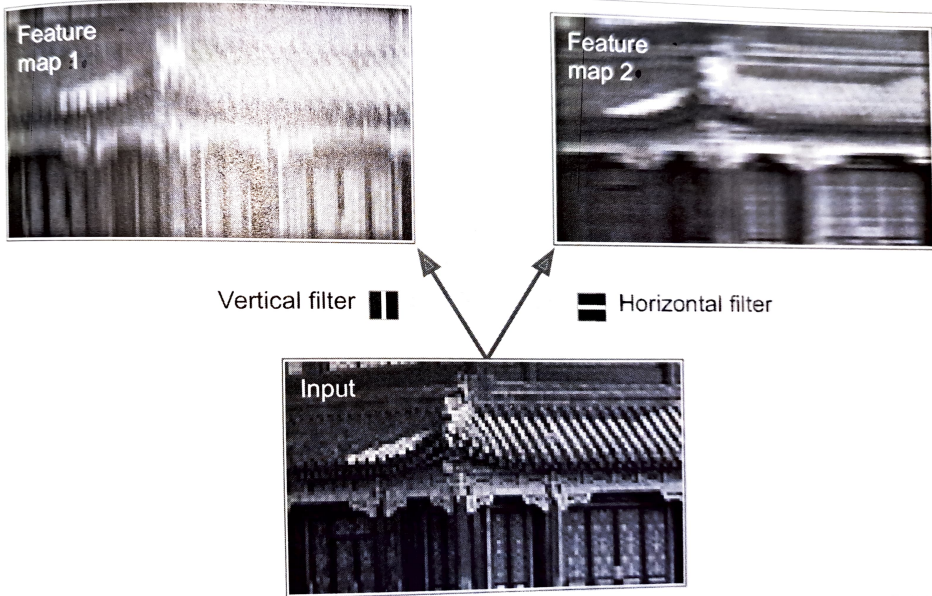


Figure 14-5. Applying two different filters to get two feature maps

filter =

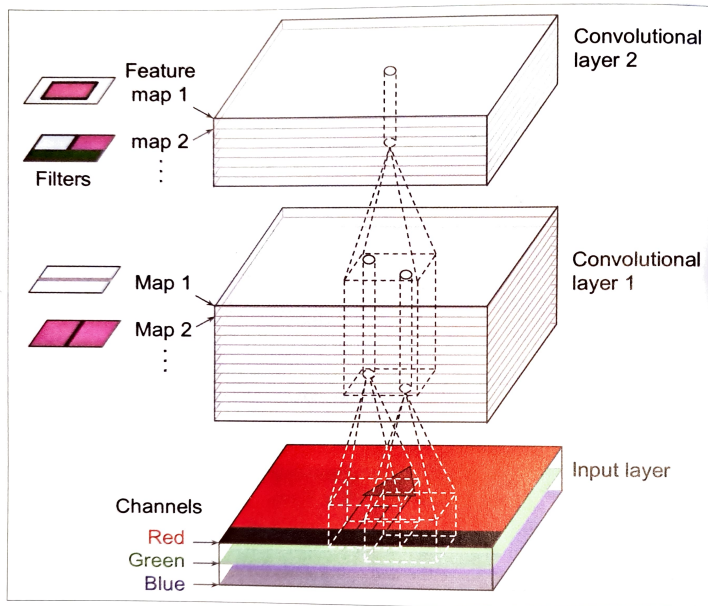


Figure 14-6. Convolutional layers with multiple feature maps, and images with three color channels