## Errata in Discrete Mathematics and Functional Programming

**Pg 26**: Ex 1.6.9 refers to a distance of  $18\frac{1}{2}$  without giving units. Assume inches. Thanks to Cana Baez

**Pg 48**: Exercise 1.11.2 says that the function should return ~1 in the case that the input is zero, but that conflicts with the **real** return type. Instead, return ~1.0. Thanks to David Topham.

Excercise 1.11.5 mentions replacing Chips with Fries. However, the datatype given in Section 1.10 (available from https://cs.wheaton.edu/~tvandrun/dmfp/ sec1-10-own-types.sml) doesn't have Fries. Either add Fries to the datatype or make this function something like replaceCarrotSticks. Thanks to Kyler Dunn.

 $4! = 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1$  should be  $4! = 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1$ . Thanks to Cooper Lazar.

**Pg 50**: I don't believe there is a way to solve Exercise 1.12.1 using what the student knows at that point and without using ML's **size**. The best solution would be to turn the string into a list using explode and then use the solution to Exercise 2.2.4. The following would work:

... but that's silly, since if we are allowed to use size anyway, there is no reason to write charCount.

**Pg 51**: Exercise 1.12.5 should tell you to assume input values are nonnegative. Thanks to Hezekiah Valdez.

**Pg 100**: Exercises 3.2.3 reads  $\sim T \lor F \land T \lor T$ . This is not an error, but it is inconsistent, since in other examples and exercises I tend to parenthesize expressions fully. Many students miss the brief mention of precedence rules for  $\lor$  and  $\land$  on pg 98. Read this exercise as  $(\sim T \lor (F \land F)) \lor T$ .

**Pg 105**: The example in the middle of the page should be  $\sim (\sim p \land q) \lor (p \land \sim p) \equiv p \lor \sim q$ . Note the *p* on the right is not negated. This affects the original statement of the problem ("Suppose we were to show that  $\sim (\sim p \land q) \lor (p \land \sim p) \equiv p \lor \sim q$ ") and the first three right hand sides of the "Don't do this" column. Spotted by Caleb Josue Ruiz Torres. (Moreover, the = in the "Do this" column should all be  $\equiv$ . Spotted by David Topham.)

Do this:		Don't do this:			
$\sim (\sim p \land q) \lor (p \land \sim p)$		$\sim (\sim p \wedge q) \vee (p \wedge \sim p)$	$\equiv$	$p\vee \sim q$	
$\equiv \sim (\sim p \land q) \lor F$	by negation law	$\sim (\sim p \wedge q) \vee F$	≡	$p\vee \sim q$	by negation law
$\equiv \sim (\sim p \land q)$	by identity law	$\sim (\sim p \land q)$	$\equiv$	$p\vee \sim q$	by identity law
$\equiv p \lor \sim q$	by De Morgan's	$p \vee \sim q$	$\equiv$	$p \vee \sim q$	by De Morgan's

**Pg 121**: "Clearly  $u \land p \to q \lor r...$ " should be "Clearly  $u \land p \to q \land r...$ "

Pg 135: "... has additive" should be "has additive inverse."

**Pg 136** The premise "If Socrates is a human, then he is mortal" doesn't match the form  $\forall x \in A, P(x)$ . Instead it should read "All humans are mortal." (But then it doesn't match the argument from Section 3.11... Oh well.)

**Pg 138**: In the *first* example, step vii should cite iii and vi, not iii and iv. In the *second* example, step xi should cite iii (and x and d), not iv.

**Pg 139**: Ex 3.14.7 premise a should have "for all y in B, P(x, y)" parenthesized, that is:

(a) 
$$\forall x \in A, (\forall y \in B, P(x, y)) \rightarrow Q(x)$$

**Pg 167**: "D and E together make a partition of the powerset of A,  $\mathscr{P}(A)$ ." should be " $\mathscr{P}(D)$  and E together make a partition of the powerset of A,  $\mathscr{P}(A)$ ."

**Pg 177**: In Exercise 4.10.6, the "termination" condition in Lemma 4.22 is incorrect. It should read:

**Lemma 4.22** For all  $a, b \in \mathbb{N}$ , there exists unique  $n, r \in \mathbb{W}$  such that  $a = b^n + r$  and  $0 \le r < (b-1) \cdot b^n$ .

Pg 179: Statement lists are introduced in section 1.3, not section 2.5.

**Pg 205**: Exercise 5.3.4 should say "requires that  $\mathcal{I}_R(a) = \emptyset$ ", that is, element *a* rather than set *A*. Thanks to Janet Davis.

**Pg 208.** The intention for Ex 5.4.1 was reflexivity fails for zero. However, the definition of reflexivity does allow 0|0 even though division by zero is undefined, Thanks to Janet Davis.

**Pg 222**: Ex 5.7.4 should read  $(S \circ R) \circ Q = S \circ (R \circ Q)$ .

**Pg 260**: In Ex 6.2.14, see Section 1.7 (not 2.5) to review the string type.

**Pg 335**: Ex 7.3.9 should read, "For example, filter(fn(x) => x mod 2 = 0..."

**Pg 359**: In Ex 3.9.3, the fifth bullet (which is the first bullet of the second column of exercises, top right corner) should read

• Either  $f(a) \in F(A - \{a\})$  or  $f(a) \notin F(A - \{a\})$ .

**Pg 450**: The part of the figure in the top right corner should read "Then add edge (1, 4)...", not "Then add edge (3, 4)".

**Pg 513**: The first bullet under the chapter goals should read "terms about lattices," not "terms about graphs."

**Pg 653**: The first paragraph under A.1 says that the general forms and set forms were introduced in Chapter 1. They were introduced rather in Chapter 4.

**Pg 658**: Under "Proving transitivity," the second step should be "Show that *a* is related to *c*. Hence  $(a, c) \in R$  by ..."